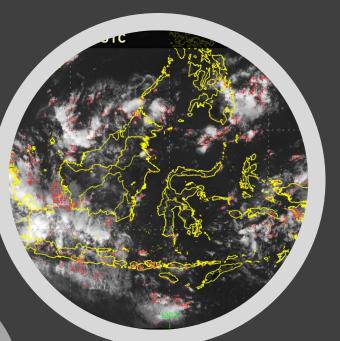
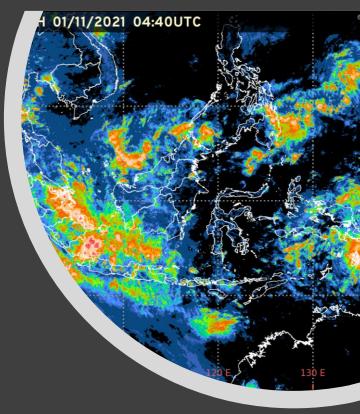


Data Source:





Using A Weather Satellite Data to Provide Actual Data for Impact-Based Forecast in Eastern Part of Indonesia (Maluku Region)

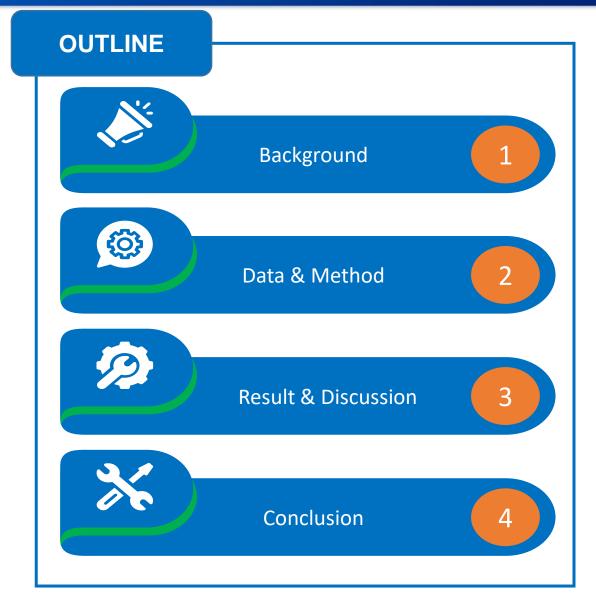
Rion S. Salman & Ayufitriya

A weather forecaster & observer at The Pattimura Meteorological Station of Ambon













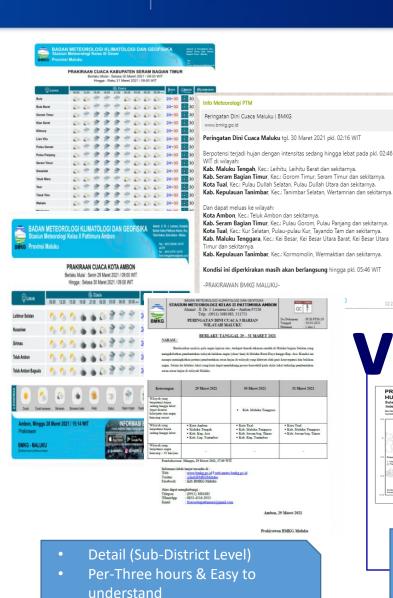




Background

- Providing the ideal information to avoid the disaster with many sources of data (Meteorological Data and Disaster Data) is the main point in IBF system.
- Conventional weather forecast, and MEWS (Three hours & two days letter) are detail but not enough (Just meteorological data)





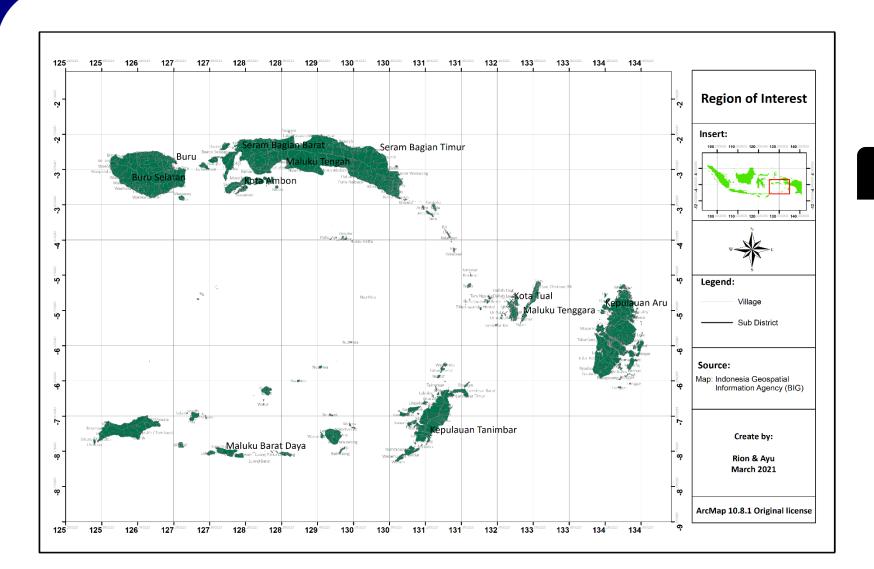
From a forecaster side only

PRAKIRAAN CUACA BERBASIS DAMPAK HUJAN LEBAT DI INDONESIA BAGIAN TIMUR MALLIKII TENGAH, Sarara Ultura Bara SERAM BAGIAN BARAT, Inamosol MALUKU TENGAH, Seram Utara Timur Seti SERAM BAGIAN BARAT, Kairalu SERAM BACUAN BARAT Seram Bara KU TENCAH, Amehei MALUKU TENGAH, Toor Nila Scruz SERVIN BACKAN TIMUR, BUG BARRE Detail (Sub-District Level) with geospatial

🖺 Agos 🐧 Rel Academy 🥻 (4 KF Community). 😚 Members Dashboar. 🍱 Scientific Companies. 🚳 Rom Saab Salmon 🦚 Actist 🔞 Collins Online Dicts. 👹 Combinique Diction.

- information
 - Many sources of data (Collaboration)
 - All information in one map

Future weather forecasting





Area of interest

- Maluku region
- Eastern part of Indonesia
- Many small islands
- 11 Districts and 119 Sub-Districts

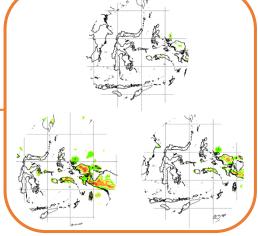


Data

Disaster Data

Convert to .shp

- Data from BNPB or BPBD
- Raster data or GIS format (.lyr)

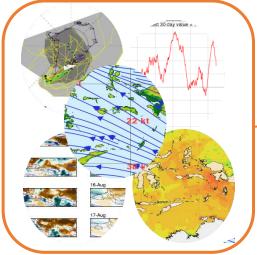


Data from BMKG HQ

Raster format

Ensemble Data

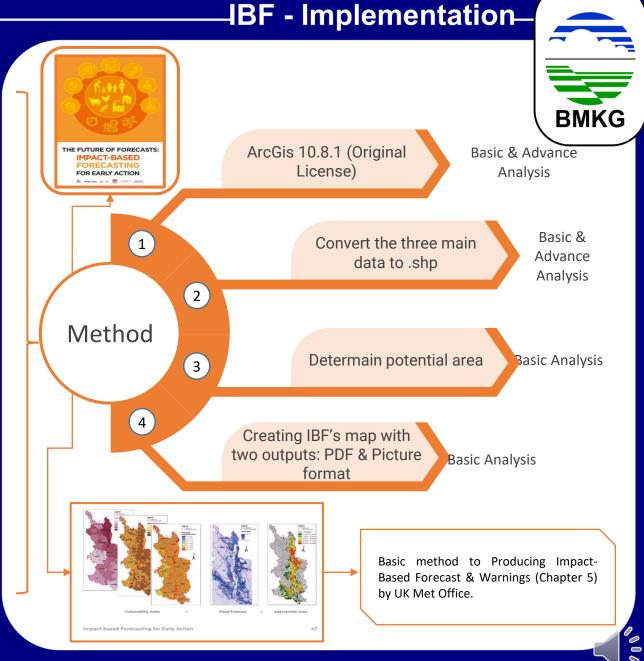
Convert to .shp



NDF Data

Convert to .shp

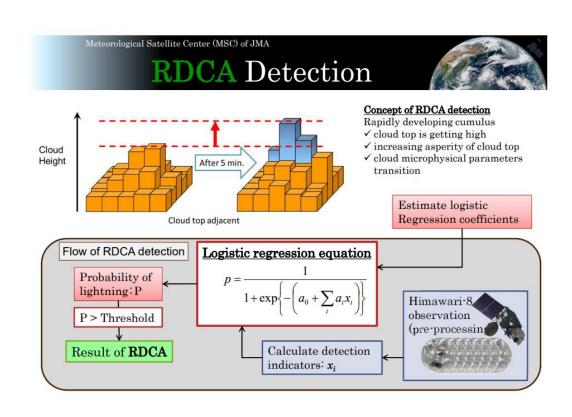
- Data from each Met. Station in Maluku.
- OFOI System
- Excel format

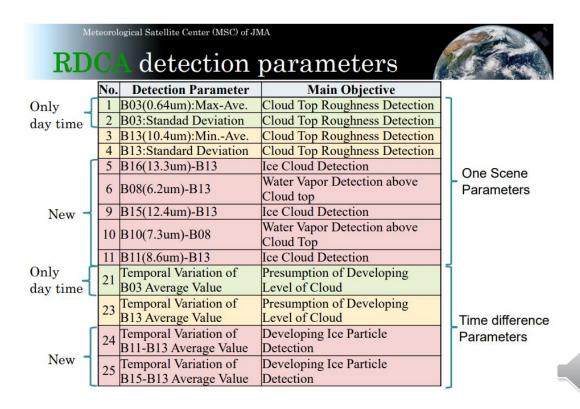






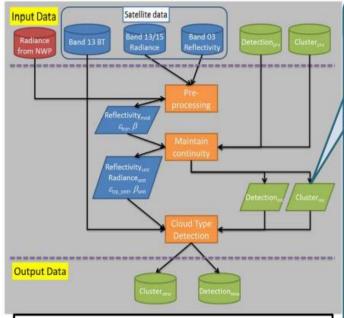




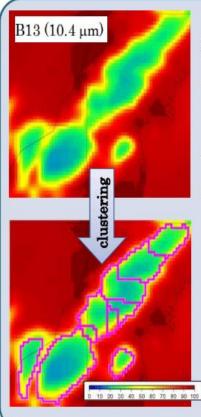


Meteorological Satellite Center (MSC) of JMA

CBA and MLUA detection

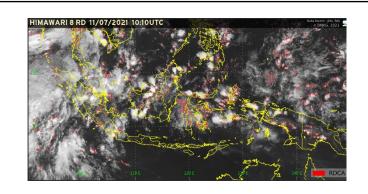


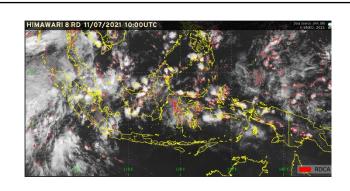
CBA and MLUA detection flow chart

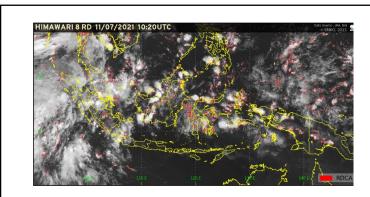


Clustering

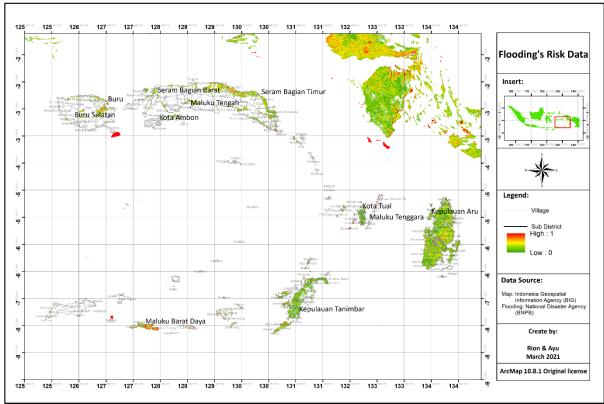
- ✓ Cloud cluster, continuous cloud area in the thick cloud area
- ✓ Radiation field of B13
- ✓ Watershed method searching from local minimum radiance points

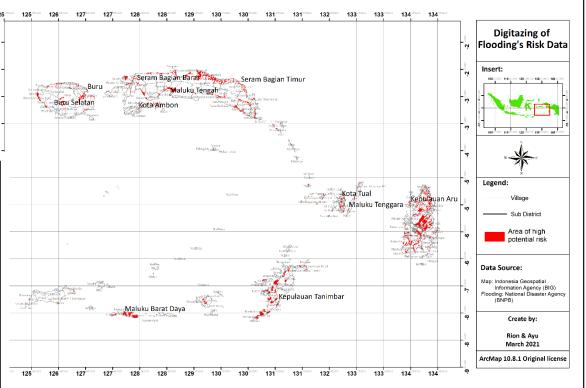






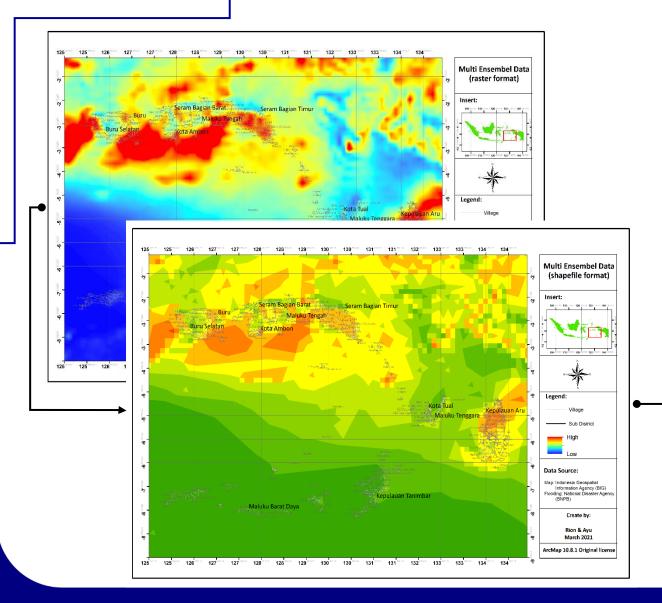




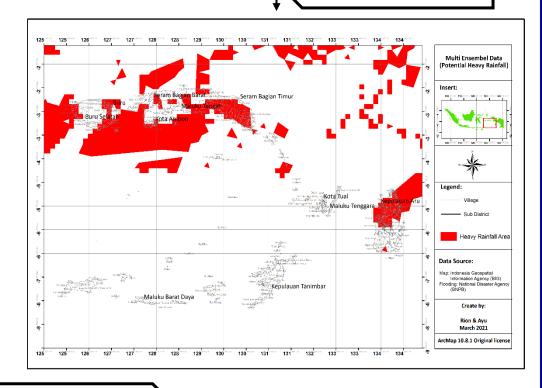


Convert with digitizing the Flooding risk data (Basic Method)





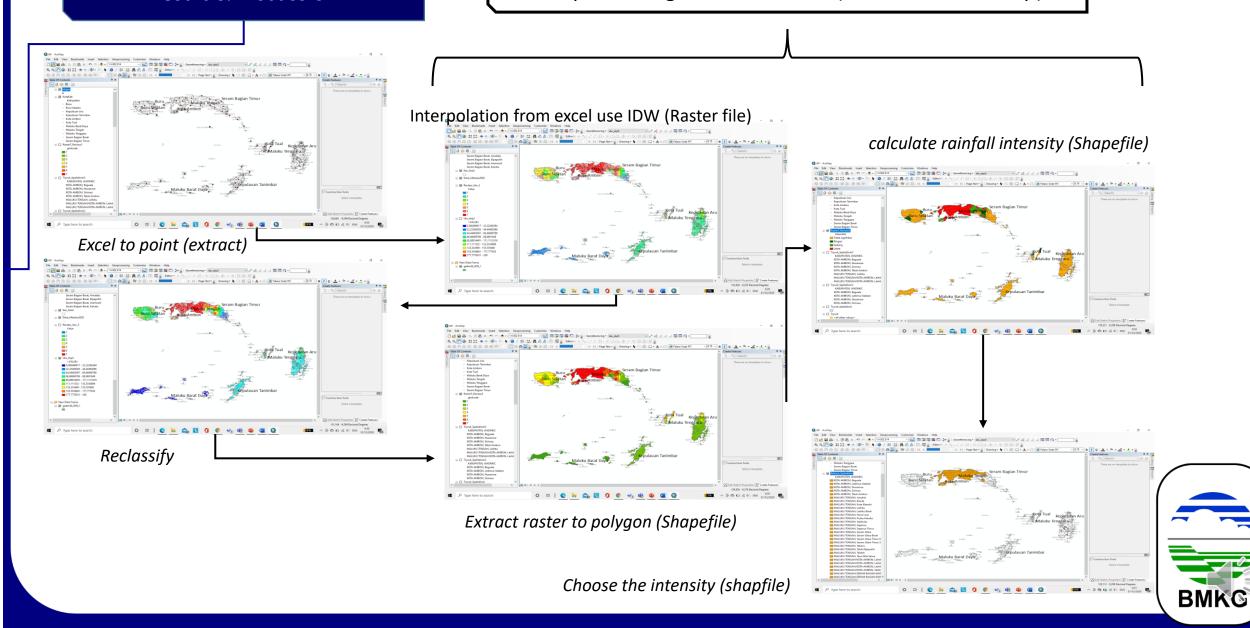
Selecting the high potential only



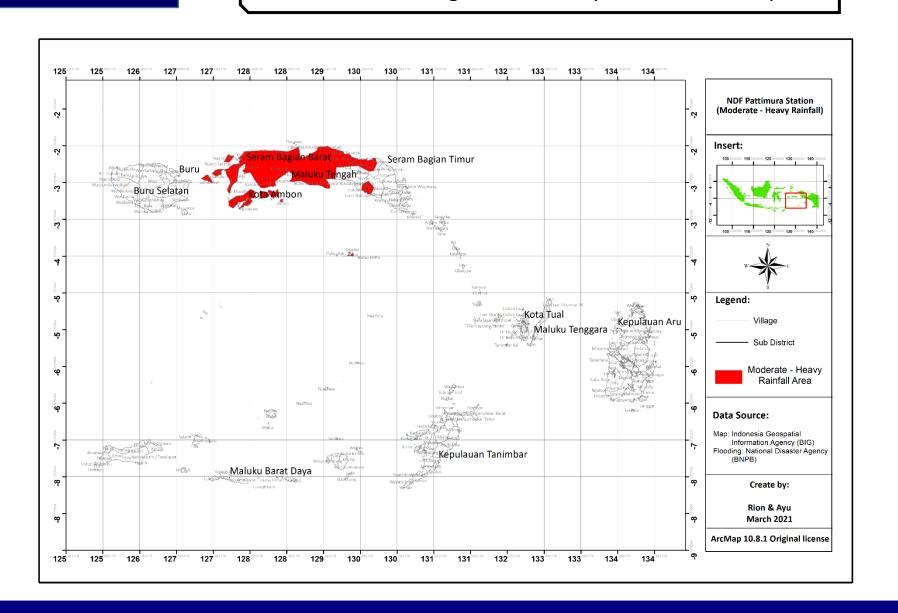
Raster data convert to Shapefile data (Advance analysis)



The processing to convert data (Excel format to .shp)

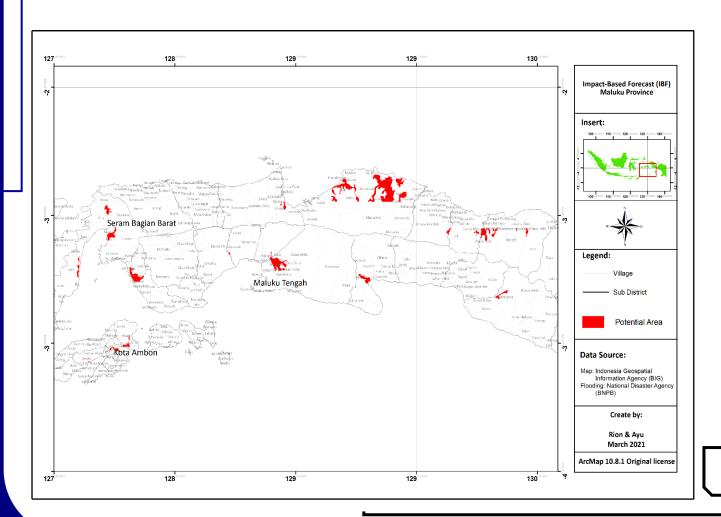


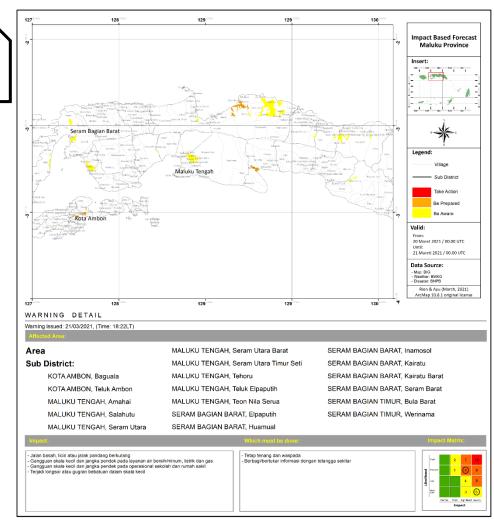
The National Digital Forecast system result in .shp





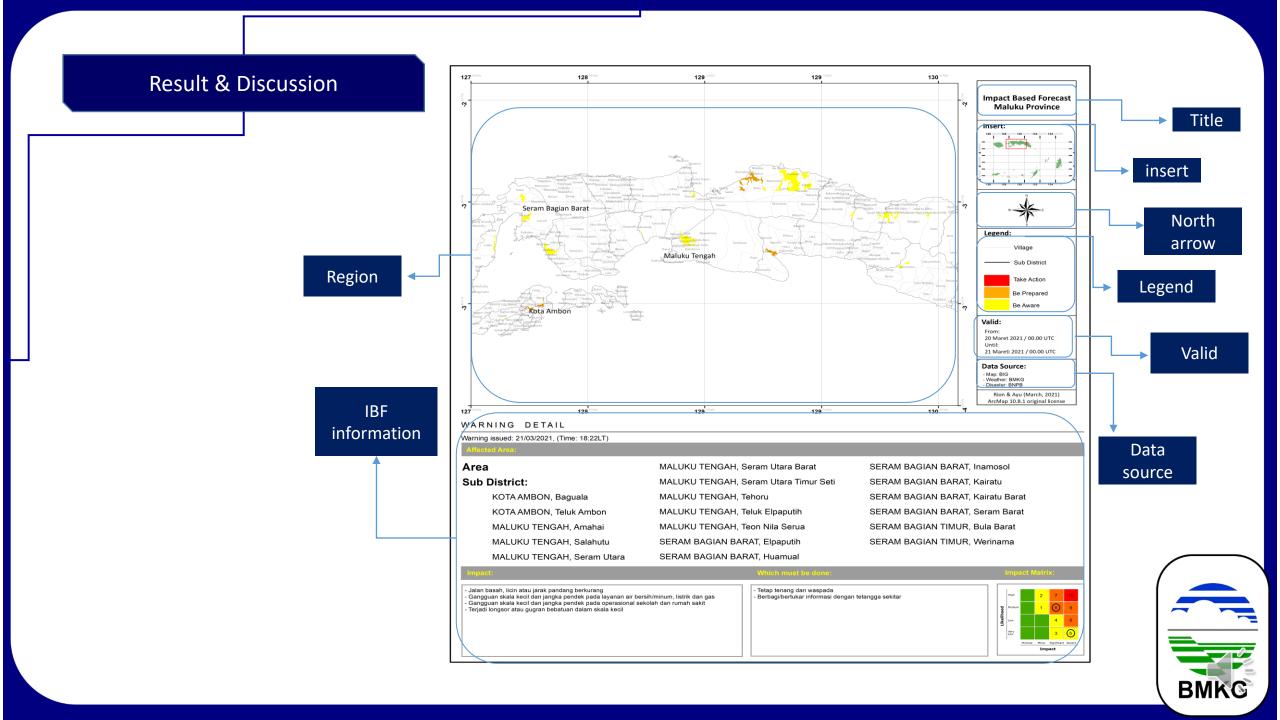
The IBF's Map in Maluku region

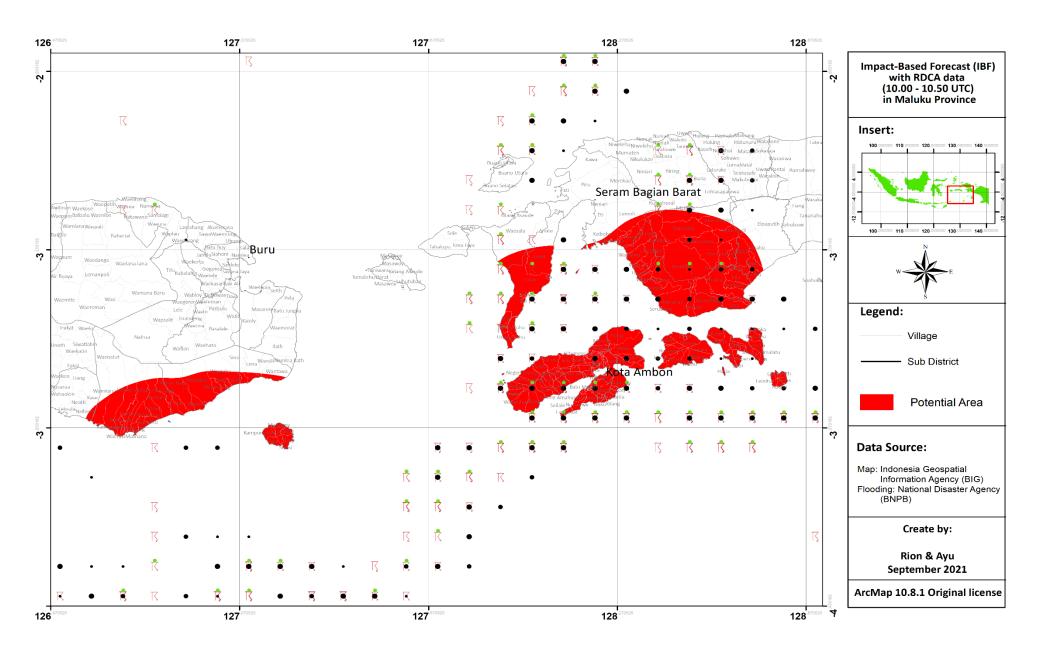




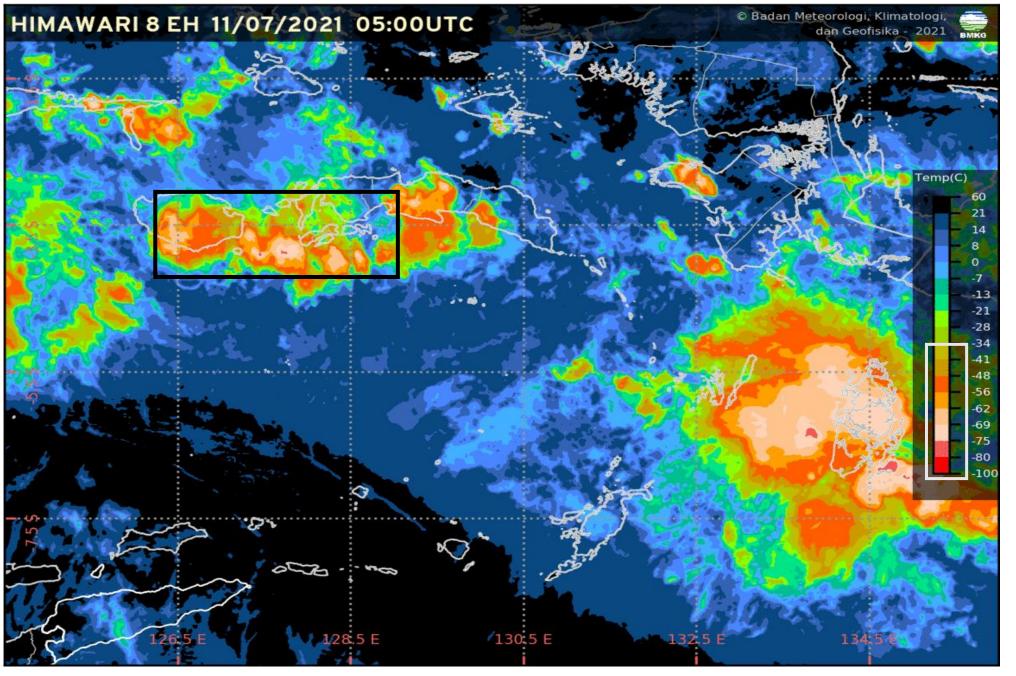
The potential area











- < -40 (Top of cloud temperature)
- Indicating Cumulonimbus Cloud
- The result is Heavy Rainfall cause flooding and landslides

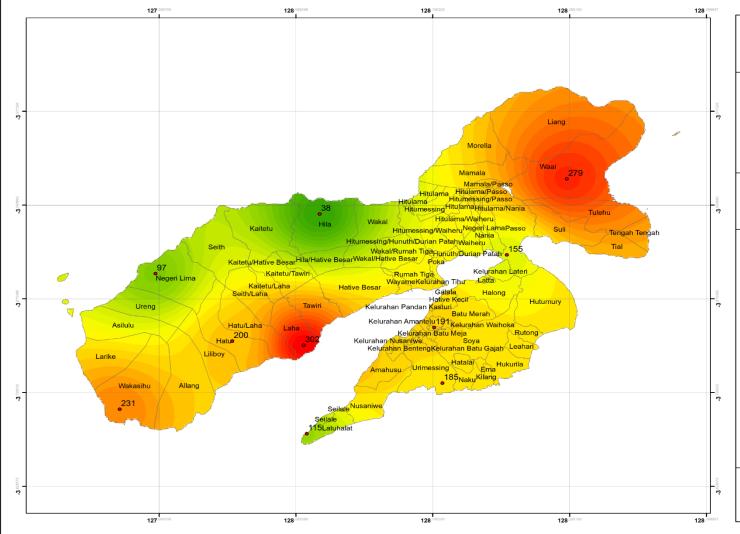




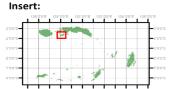
BADAN METEOROLOGI KLIMATOLOGI DAN GEOFISIKA

Stasiun Meteorologi Kelas II Pattimura - Ambon

Jln. Dr. J. Leimena, Komplek Bandar Udara Pattimura Ambon, Kota Ambon - 97236 BMKG Telp. (0911) - 3681683, 311751. Email: bmkgpattimura@yahoo.co.id



Peta Curah Hujan **Pulau Ambon** 11 Juli 2021





Legenda:

Batas Desa

Curah Hujan (mm) :

- Hatu, 200
- Hila, 38
- Karang Panjang, 191
- Laha, 302
- Latuhalat, 115
- Mahia, 185
- Negeri Lima, 97
- Passo, 155
- Tapi, 231
- Waai, 279

Sumber:

- Peta: BIG

- Data CH: Stamet, Stageof, Stamar, dan Pos Penakar Hujan



Conclusion

Using the satellite data will help the forecaster to make quick decision to support the Impact-based Forecast. This will be useful to avoid people from the hydrometeorological hazard that will happen in the specific area.





Thank you for your attention

Any question?